

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of:
UK REACH Regulations (SI 2019/758 as amended)

Supersedes date 07-Mar-2023

Revision date 17-Nov-2025

Revision Number 7

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product Code(s) 11247

Safety data sheet number 11247

Product Name MAXICHECK AA SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Synonyms MAXICHECK AA REFILL 3, MAXICHECK ALKALI TEST KIT REFILL II, MAXICHECK REFILL I

Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Contains PROPAN-2-OL

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use Reagent solution for test kit

Uses advised against Use only for intended applications

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Univar Solutions UK Ltd
Aquarius House
6 Mid Point Business Park
Bradford
GBR

For further information, please contact

E-mail address SDS.EMEA@univarsolutions.com

Non-Emergency Telephone Number +44 1274 267300 / +44 1274 267306

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone SGS - +32 (0)3 575 55 55 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flammable liquids	Category 2 - (H225)
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 - (H314)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1 - (H318)
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure	Category 3 - (H336)

Category 3 Narcotic effects

2.2. Label elements

Contains PROPAN-2-OL

**Signal word**

Danger

Hazard statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Precautionary statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing and eye/face protection

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**3.1 Substances**

Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	Weight-%	EC No (EU Index No)	UK REACH registration number	Classification according to GB CLP (SI 2020/1567 as amended)	Specific concentration limit (SCL)	M-Factor	M-Factor (long-term)
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	>= 50 - < 70%	200-661-7 (603-117-00-0)	-	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336)	STOT SE 3 (H336) :: C>=20%	-	-
SODIUM HYDROXIDE 1310-73-2	< 0.5%	215-185-5 (011-002-00-6)	UK-01-6126796028-6-XXXX	Met. Corr. 1 (H290) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)	Eye Irrit. 2 :: 0.5%<=C<2% Skin Corr. 1A :: C>=5% Skin Corr. 1B :: 2%<=C<5%	-	-

					Skin Irrit. 2 :: 0.5%<=C<2%		
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Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

This product does not contain candidate substances of very high concern at a concentration $\geq 0.1\%$ (UK REACH Article 59)

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Skin contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.
Self-protection of the first aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
Eyes	Burning sensation.
Dermal	Burning sensation. Erythema (skin redness).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to doctors	Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.
Large Fire	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Closed containers can burst violently when heated, due to excess pressure build-up. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Carbon monoxide.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow it to enter drains or surface water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapours. Remove all sources of ignition. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not allow runoff to sewer, waterway or ground. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13). The spill may be covered with alcohol resistant foam to reduce evaporation.

Methods for cleaning up Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations. Use non-sparking tools.

Prevention of secondary hazards Observe good chemical hygiene practices.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and inhalation of vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Provide good room ventilation even at ground level (vapours are heavier than air).

General hygiene considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Aldehydes. Halogens. Halogenated compounds. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Protect from direct sunlight. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s)

See section 1 for more information.

Risk Management Methods (RMM) The information required is contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	United Kingdom
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 999 mg/m ³ STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1250 mg/m ³
SODIUM HYDROXIDE 1310-73-2	STEL: 2 mg/m ³

Biological occupational exposure limits This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - Workers

Chemical name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0		888 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	500 mg/m ³ [4] [6]
SODIUM HYDROXIDE 1310-73-2			1 mg/m ³ [5] [6]

[4] Systemic health effects.

[5] Local health effects.

[6] Long term.

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) - General Public

Chemical name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	26 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	319 mg/kg bw/day [4] [6]	89 mg/m ³ [4] [6]

Chemical name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation
SODIUM HYDROXIDE 1310-73-2			1 mg/m ³ [5] [6]

[4] Systemic health effects.
 [5] Local health effects.
 [6] Long term.

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

Chemical name	Freshwater	Freshwater (intermittent release)	Marine water	Marine water (intermittent release)	Air
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	140.9 mg/L	140.9 mg/L	140.9 mg/L		

Chemical name	Freshwater sediment	Marine sediment	Sewage treatment	Soil	Food chain
PROPAN-2-OL 67-63-0	552 mg/kg sediment dw	552 mg/kg sediment dw	2251 mg/L	28 mg/kg soil dw	160 mg/kg food

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use engineering controls to keep exposures below the OEL or DNEL.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). According to EN 16321-1.

Hand protection

Chemical resistant gloves required for prolonged or repeated contact. Gloves must conform to standard EN 374. Ensure that the breakthrough time of the glove material is not exceeded. Refer to glove supplier for information on breakthrough time for specific gloves. Gloves should be removed and replaced if there are any signs of degradation or breakthrough. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Chlorinated polyethylene (CPE). Natural rubber. Neoprene gloves. Nitrile rubber. Polyethylene (PE). Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Gloves			
Duration of contact	PPE - Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
Long term (repeated)	Chlorinated polyethylene (CPE) Natural rubber (Lapren) Neoprene gloves Nitrile coated gloves Polyethylene (PE) Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL") PVC	> 0.35 mm	> 60 minutes

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact. Chemical-resistant protective suit.

Respiratory protection In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Recommended filter type: Type AP2.

General hygiene considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Environmental exposure controls Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	Liquid
Colour	Colourless
Odour	Characteristic.
Odour threshold	No information available

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
Melting point / freezing point	-20 °C	No information available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	80 - 100 °C	No information available.
Flammability		No information available.
Flammability Limit in Air		No information available.
Upper flammability or explosive limits	12%	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	2%	
Flash point	21.1 °C	Closed cup.
Autoignition temperature	456 °C	No information available.
Decomposition temperature		No information available.
pH	13.5 - 14.5	No information available.
pH (as aqueous solution)		No information available.
Kinematic viscosity		No information available.
Dynamic viscosity	<2.4 mPa s	@ 20 °C.
Water solubility	Miscible with water	No information available.
Solubility(ies)		No information available.
Partition coefficient		No information available.
Vapour pressure	3.55 kPa	No information available.
Relative density	0.865	@ 20 °C.
Bulk density		No information available
Liquid Density	No information available	No information available
Relative vapour density		No information available.
Particle characteristics		Not applicable.
Particle Size	.	
Particle Size Distribution	.	
Explosive properties	No information available	
Oxidising properties	No information available	

9.2. Other information

VOC content	69.88%
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 for more information.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid static discharge (electrostatic discharge). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Product may decompose at elevated temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Aldehydes. Halogens. Halogenated compounds.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None under normal use conditions.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**11.1. Information on toxicological effects****Information on likely routes of exposure****Product Information**

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Redness. Burning. Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Acute toxicity**Numerical measures of toxicity**

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
PROPAN-2-OL	= 5840 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 72.6 mg/l (Rat) 4h
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	= 1350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

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Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes severe burns.

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 435: In Vitro Membrane Barrier Test Method for Skin Corrosion		in vitro			Corrosive Causes severe burns Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness and tissue damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
	Rabbit				Causes serious eye irritation

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 405: Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	eye			Corrosive May cause permanent damage if eye is not immediately irrigated. Causes eye burns

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
OECD Test No. 406: Skin Sensitisation	Guinea pig	Dermal	Negative

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
Human patch test	human data	Dermal	Not a skin sensitiser

Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.Component Information
PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Results
OECD Test No. 471: Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	in vitro Ames Test	Negative
OECD Test No. 476: In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Tests using the Hprt and xprt	in vitro	Negative

genes		
OECD Test No. 474: Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test	Mouse	Negative

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)

Method	Species	Results
	in vitro	Negative

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Component Information
PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Results
OECD Test No. 451: Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat	Negative

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Results
OECD Test No. 415: One-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study		This product does not contain any known or suspected reproductive hazards

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					May cause drowsiness or dizziness

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Corrosive Material is not classified as a respiratory irritant; however, Upper respiratory tract irritation or corrosivity may be expected.

STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Component Information
PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
NOAEC	Rat	Inhalation Vapour	>= 5000 ppm		

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
					Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause significant adverse effects

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Other adverse effects No information available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Pimephales promelas	LC50	9640 mg/L	96 hours	
	Daphnia magna	EC50	>100 mg/L	48 hours	
	Scenedesmus subspicatus	EC50	1000 mg/L	72 hours	

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)

Method	Species	Endpoint type	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
	Fish	LC50	35-189 mg/L	96 hours	
	Daphnia magna	EC50	40.4 mg/L	48 hours	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product contains substances which are biodegradable.

PROPAN-2-OL (67-63-0)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
	30 days	70 - 84% Biodegradation	Readily biodegradable

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2)

Method	Exposure time	Value	Results
			Not applicable Inorganic.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation There is no data for this product.

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
PROPAN-2-OL	0.05

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Miscible with water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment The product does not contain any substance(s) classified as PBT or vPvB.

Chemical name	PBT and vPvB assessment
PROPAN-2-OL	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	The substance is not PBT / vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation. Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Disposal to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Do not reuse empty containers. Empty remaining contents. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

IATA

14.1 UN number or ID number UN2924
 14.2 UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (PROPAN-2-OL, SODIUM HYDROXIDE)
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3
 Subsidiary hazard class 8
 14.4 Packing group II
 14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable
 14.6 Special precautions for user
 Special Provisions A3, A803
 ERG Code 3CH

IMDG

14.1 UN number or ID number UN2924
 14.2 UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (PROPAN-2-OL, SODIUM HYDROXIDE)
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3
 Subsidiary hazard class 8
 14.4 Packing group II
 14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable
 14.6 Special precautions for user
 Special Provisions 274
 EmS-No F-E, S-C
 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments No information available

RID

14.1 UN number or ID number UN2924
 14.2 UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (PROPAN-2-OL, SODIUM HYDROXIDE)
 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3
 Subsidiary hazard class 8
 14.4 Packing group II
 14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable
 14.6 Special precautions for user

Special Provisions 274
Classification code FC

ADR

14.1 UN number or ID number UN2924
14.2 UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (PROPAN-2-OL, SODIUM HYDROXIDE)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 3
Subsidiary hazard class 8
14.4 Packing group II
14.5 Environmental hazards Not applicable
14.6 Special precautions for user
Special Provisions 274
Classification code FC
Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****National regulations****Authorisations and/or restrictions on use:**

This product contains one or more substances subject to restriction (UK REACH - Annex XVII).

This product does not contain substances subject to authorisation (UK REACH - Annex XIV).

Product restricted per REACH Annex XVII: 3

Chemical name	Restricted substance per REACH Annex XVII	Substance subject to authorisation per REACH Annex XIV
PROPAN-2-OL - 67-63-0	3, 40	-
SODIUM HYDROXIDE - 1310-73-2	75	-

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not applicable

Export Notification requirements

Not applicable

Dangerous substance category per COMAH Regulations 2015 (as amended)

P5b - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Named dangerous substances per COMAH Regulations 2015 (as amended)

Not applicable

The Ozone-Depleting Substances Regulations 2015

Not applicable

The Biocidal Products Regulations 2001 (as amended)

Chemical name	The Biocidal Products Regulations 2001 (as amended)
PROPAN-2-OL - 67-63-0	Product-type 2: Disinfectants and algicides not intended for direct application to humans or animals Product-type 4: Food and feed area Product-type 1: Human hygiene

The Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations 2017 (as amended)

Not applicable

Poisons Act 1972 (Explosive Precursors) Regulations (as Amended)

Chemical name	Poisons and Explosive Precursors
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	Poison, Reportable 12 % of total caustic alkalinity

International Inventories

TSCA	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
DSL/NDL	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
EINECS/ELINCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
ENCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
IECSC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
KECI	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
PICCS	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
AIC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status
NZIoC	Contact supplier for inventory compliance status

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Report No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture

SECTION 16: Other information**Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet****Full text of H-Statements referred to under section 3**

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H290 - May be corrosive to metals
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318 - Causes serious eye damage
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation:
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances
vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

Legend Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	Skin designation
+	Sensitisers		

Revision Note **SDS sections updated 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 15 16**

Classification procedure

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Method Used
Acute oral toxicity	Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - gas	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - vapour	Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity - dust/mist	Calculation method
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on product data or assessment
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method
Respiratory sensitisation	Calculation method
Skin sensitisation	Calculation method
Mutagenicity	Calculation method
Carcinogenicity	Calculation method
Reproductive toxicity	Calculation method
STOT - single exposure	Calculation method
STOT - repeated exposure	Calculation method
Acute aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Aspiration hazard	Calculation method
Ozone	Calculation method

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database
European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Committee for Risk Assessment (ECHA_RAC)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) (ECHA_API)
Environmental Protection Agency
Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals
Food Research Journal
Hazardous Substance Database
International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
Australian National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)
NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)
National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)
National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)
New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Programme
Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set
World Health Organization

Prepared By J Forth
Supersedes date 07-Mar-2023
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This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of UK REACH Regulations (SI 2019/758 as amended)
Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet